

1924

SEVENTY-SECOND ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES

OF THE

CITY OF CONCORD

FOR THE

YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1924

TOGETHER WITH OTHER ANNUAL REPORTS
AND PAPERS RELATING TO THE
AFFAIRS OF THE CITY



CONCORD, N. H.
1925

MUNICIPAL REGULATIONS.

FOR PAYMENT OF BILLS AGAINST THE CITY.

All persons furnishing materials or service for the city, or aid to the city poor, should be particular to take the name of the person ordering such service, material, or aid, and should *know* that the person is duly authorized to contract such liability.

The city will not be holden for merchandise sold or delivered on city poor account, except on the written order of the overseer of the poor, and for no longer time than until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Duplicate copies will be required of all bills payable by the city, furnished on county poor account.

All bills against the city must be approved by the person authorizing the charge; and unless this is done, no action can be had upon the bill by the Committee on Accounts and Claims, and no order will be given for its payment.

Bills so certified should be left with the city clerk on or before the second day of the month.

If approved by the Committee on Accounts and Claims, they will be ready for payment on Thursday following the regular monthly meeting of the city government.

The regular monthly meetings of the city government occur on the second Monday of each month.

ARTHUR E. ROBY,
City Clerk.

ORDINANCES AND RESOLUTIONS.

PASSED DURING THE YEAR ENDING JANUARY 12, 1925.

CITY OF CONCORD—ORDINANCES.

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING SECTION 6 OF CHAPTER XXXVI OF THE REVISED ORDINANCES.

Be it ordained by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

SECTION 1. That Section 6 of Chapter XXXVI of the Revised Ordinances be, and the same hereby is, amended by striking out the whole of the same and substituting in place thereof the following:

SECT. 6. The offices of all city departments in the City Hall shall be open continuously from 9 o'clock in the morning until 5 o'clock in the afternoon of each day excepting Sundays, holidays and Saturdays. On Saturday such offices shall be kept open from nine o'clock in the morning until 12 o'clock at noon; except that the tax collector's office shall be kept open Saturday afternoon and evening preceding the last day on which taxes can be paid with the discount.

SECT. 2. This ordinance shall take effect upon its passage.

Passed February 11, 1924.

AN ORDINANCE IN AMENDMENT OF SECTION 1 OF CHAPTER V OF THE REVISED ORDINANCES.

Be it ordained by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 1 of Chapter V of the Revised Ordinances is hereby amended by striking out the whole thereof and substituting in place thereof the following:

SECT. 1. The permanent police force shall consist of a city marshal, an assistant city marshal, a captain of the night watch, a sergeant, thirteen regular police and night watch to be assigned to duties as patrolmen or chauffeurs, and three regular police to be assigned to duty in the station or upon other special assignments than patrolmen or chauffeurs. The city marshal and assistant city marshal shall be appointed to the office of constable, and, before entering upon the duties of their office, shall take the oath prescribed by law, and shall each give bond in the sum of three hundred dollars with securities to be approved by the mayor and aldermen, for the faithful performance of the duties of his office, which oath and bond shall be recorded in the city clerk's office.

SECT. 2. All ordinances and parts of ordinances inconsistent with this ordinance are hereby repealed, and this ordinance shall take effect upon its passage.

Passed April 14, 1924.

AN ORDINANCE IN AMENDMENT OF CHAPTER XLI OF THE REVISED ORDINANCES.

Be it ordained by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

SECTION 1. Chapter XLI of the Revised Ordinances is hereby amended by striking out the whole thereof and substituting in place thereof the following:

SECT. 1. The salaries of the city officials shall be as follows, in each case to be in full for all services of the officer designated for the period stated:

- (a) City treasurer, twelve hundred and fifty dollars per annum.
- (b) City clerk, seventeen hundred dollars per annum.
- (c) Clerk of the Board of Public Works, two hundred dollars per annum.
- (d) City solicitor, eight hundred dollars per annum.
- (e) City marshal, twenty-six hundred dollars per annum.
- (f) Assistant City marshal, twenty-two hundred dollars per annum.
- (g) Captain of the night watch, two thousand dollars per annum.
- (h) Sergeant of police, nineteen hundred and fifty dollars per annum.
- (i) Each regular police officer while assigned to duty as patrolman or chauffeur: for the first year of such service, sixteen hundred and fifty dollars; for the second and third years of such service, eighteen hundred dollars per annum; for the fourth and fifth years of said service, eighteen hundred and fifty dollars per annum; for such service subsequent to the fifth year, nineteen hundred and sixteen dollars per annum. Provided, that in the rating above prescribed, two years of service as a special officer shall be regarded as the equivalent of the first year of service as a regular officer.
- (j) Each regular police officer while assigned to duty in the Police Station or upon other special assignments than those provided under the preceding subsection, a minimum of one thousand dollars per annum and a maximum of thirteen hundred dollars per annum, the mayor and Board of Aldermen in each case to prescribe the salary within the limits named.
- (k) Special police officers, four dollars and twenty-five cents per day.
- (l) City messenger, twelve hundred dollars per annum.
- (m) Sanitary officer of the Board of Health, two thousand dollars per annum.
- (n) Justice of the Municipal Court, twelve hundred dollars per annum. All fees that said justice shall receive or be entitled to from any source, on account of any civil case that may come before him, shall be paid into the city treasury semi-annually, except fees received by him from the Superior Court. In the absence of the city solicitor, the said justice shall make complaints and warrants, in all cases, and the fees for the same shall be paid into the city treasury.
- (o) City physician, six hundred dollars per annum. Assistant city physician, one hundred dollars per annum. In each case this shall be

an addition to the amount received from the county for attendance on county paupers.

(p) The collector of taxes shall receive in full for his services a commission of one half of one per centum upon the first sixty thousand dollars, and three fourths of one per centum upon all sums over said sixty thousand dollars, by him collected and paid over to the city treasurer.

(q) Ballot inspectors, eight dollars per day. Moderator in each ward, forty dollars per annum. Ward clerk in each ward, forty dollars per annum. Supervisors of the check list in Wards 1, 2, 3, 8, and 9, forty dollars per annum. Supervisors of the check list in Wards 4, 5, 6, and 7, fifty dollars per annum.

(r) City engineer, three thousand dollars per annum.

(s) Overseer of the poor in Ward 1, thirty dollars per annum; in Ward 2, ten dollars per annum; in all other wards, three hundred and fifty dollars per annum.

(t) Clerk of Municipal Court, six hundred dollars per annum.

(u) City sealer, seven hundred and twenty dollars per annum.

(v) Superintendent of cemeteries, twenty-four hundred dollars per annum.

(w) Superintendent of parks, fifteen hundred dollars per annum.

(x) Chief engineer of the Fire Department, twenty-six hundred dollars per annum.

(y) Assistant chief engineer of the Fire Department, two thousand dollars per annum.

(z) Inspector of clock, one hundred and ten dollars per annum.

SECT. 2. The salaries of clerks in the employ of the city shall be as follows, in each case to be in full for services rendered for the period stated:

(a) First clerk in the city clerk's office, thirty dollars per week. Second clerk in the city clerk's office twenty dollars per week.

(b) Clerk in the assessor's office, twenty-one dollars per week.

(c) Clerk in the office of the Board of Health, ninety dollars per month.

(d) Clerk in the office of the city engineer, fifteen dollars per week.

(e) Janitor, twenty dollars per week.

SECT. 3. This act shall take effect upon its passage; provided however, that all annual salaries herein fixed at a higher figure than heretofore shall be effective from April 1, 1924, the former salaries already paid for the quarter of the current fiscal year being deemed to be in full to April 1, 1924, and the salaries herein provided to be paid for services from and after April 1, 1924; except, however, that the city clerk having performed additional duties from January 1, 1924, the increase herein provided as to that office shall be paid from January 1, 1924.

Passed, May 2, 1924.

AN ORDINANCE IN AMENDMENT OF SECTION 28 OF CHAPTER 18 OF THE REVISED ORDINANCES.

Be it ordained by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 28 of Chapter XVIII of the Revised Ordinances is hereby amended by striking out after the words "assistant engineer at Penacook," the words "seventy-five dollars," and substituting in place thereof the words "one hundred dollars," so that the amended phrase shall read as follows: "assistant engineer at Penacook, one hundred dollars."

SECT. 2. All ordinances and parts of ordinances inconsistent with this ordinance are hereby repealed, and the salary herein provided shall take effect from January 1, 1924.

Passed July 14, 1924.

AN ORDINANCE REGULATING THE OPERATION OF ALL VEHICLES WHEN FIRE APPARATUS IS RESPONDING TO FIRE ALARMS.

Be it ordained by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

SECTION 1. No person or persons shall ride a bicycle, or drive any motor propelled or other type of vehicle in such a manner as to interfere with or delay the Fire Department when responding to any fire alarm.

SECT. 2. No person or persons shall intentionally ride a bicycle or drive any type of vehicle ahead of any fire apparatus which is responding to a fire alarm, and no person or persons shall follow on a bicycle or in any type of vehicle any fire apparatus which is responding to a fire alarm, within a distance of two hundred yards, excepting members of the police or fire departments and emergency crews of public service corporations who are themselves responding to the fire alarm. Such members of the police or fire departments shall have prominently displayed on their vehicles, the letters F. D. or P. D.

SECT. 3. No person or persons other than those having duties in connection with a fire, shall permit any motor propelled or other type of vehicle to be within two hundred yards in any direction of any fire for which an alarm has been given, nor within twenty feet of any hydrant nor in any location that will interfere with the fire department in laying hose or in the use of any apparatus of the fire department.

SECT. 4. The police department shall establish and maintain fire lines at all fires. They shall direct and divert traffic as may be required for the proper operation of the apparatus of the fire department, and shall assist in removing any type of vehicle wrongfully coming within the prescribed area named in section 3 of this ordinance. They shall exclude from the fire lines all persons not connected with the Police or Fire Departments, or emergency crews of public service corporations, except that in their discretion they may permit owners or occupants of property located within the fire lines, ambulances, vehicles of doctors, nurses, and

members of the fire department responding to fire alarms, to come or remain within said fire lines. In the case of members of the fire department, they shall have their vehicles plainly marked F. D.

SECT. 5. Any person violating any of the provisions of this ordinance shall pay for the use of the city, a fine of not exceeding twenty-five dollars for each violation thereof.

SECT. 6. All ordinances and parts of ordinances, inconsistent with this ordinance are hereby repealed, and this ordinance shall take effect upon its passage.

Passed July 14, 1924.

AN ORDINANCE REGULATING THE CONSTRUCTION AND EQUIPMENT OF BUILDINGS WITHIN THE FIRE LIMITS IN THE CITY OF CONCORD.

Be it ordained by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

SECTION 1. The name and title of this ordinance is The Building Code and it shall be known and cited as such.

SECT. 2. Upon the passage of this ordinance, and thereafter annually in the month of January, the mayor and Board of Aldermen shall elect an inspector of buildings, who shall be a competent person familiar with the construction of buildings. Such inspector of buildings shall hold office for the term of one year and until his successor is elected and qualified.

The chief engineer of the Fire Department shall annually, in the month of January, be designated and appointed by the mayor and Board of Aldermen as assistant building inspector, for the purposes of consultation and such other duties as the inspector of buildings may require.

SECT. 3. Fire Limits. The following shall be and are hereby declared to be the fire limits: Beginning on the track of the Boston & Maine Railroad, Concord Division, at a point 200 feet north of the northerly line of Church Street extended; thence westerly on a line 200 feet north of and parallel with the northerly line of Church Street to a point 200 feet west of the westerly line of Rumford Street; thence southerly on a line 200 feet west of and parallel with the westerly line of Rumford Street to a point 200 feet north of the northerly line of Beacon Street; thence westerly on a line 200 feet north of and parallel with the northerly line of Beacon Street to a point opposite the center of White Street; thence southerly by the center line of White Street to the center line of Washington Street; thence westerly by the center line of Washington Street to the center line of Center Street; thence westerly by the center line of Center Street to a point 200 feet west of the westerly line of Liberty Street; thence southerly on a line 200 feet west of and parallel with the westerly line of Liberty Street to the center line of Pleasant Street; thence easterly by the center line of Pleasant Street to a point opposite the center line of Merrimack Street; thence southerly on the line of the

center of Merrimack Street extended to a point 200 feet south of the southerly line of Pleasant street; thence easterly on a line 200 feet south of and parallel with the southerly line of Pleasant Street to a point 200 feet west of the westerly line of South Spring Street; thence southerly on a line 200 feet west of and parallel with the westerly line of South Spring Street to a point 200 feet south of the southerly line of Avon Street; thence on a line 200 feet south of and parallel with the southerly line of Avon Street to a point 200 feet west of the westerly line of South Street; thence southerly on a line 200 feet west of and parallel with the westerly line of South Street to a point 200 feet south of the southerly line of Pillsbury Street; thence easterly on a line 200 feet south of and parallel with the southerly line of Pillsbury Street to the track of the Boston & Maine Railroad; thence northerly by the track of the Boston & Maine Railroad to the point of beginning.

Within the boundaries of the above described fire limits there is defined an additional restricted area within which the provisions of Sections 5, 6, 7, 9, 12B and 21 shall apply. The boundaries of this restricted area within the fire limits are as follows:

Beginning on the track of the Boston & Maine Railroad, Claremont Branch, at a point opposite Montgomery Street extended, thence westerly in the center line of Montgomery Street to the center line of North State Street, thence southerly to the center line of Pleasant Street, thence southerly in the center line of South State Street to the center line of Fayette Street, thence easterly to the Boston & Maine Railroad tracks, thence northerly along the tracks of the Boston & Maine Railroad to the point of beginning.

All other sections of the building code not specified in the above restricted area are understood to apply to all classes of buildings which may be hereafter erected or altered within the fire limits.

SECT. 4. Permit Required. No wall, building or part thereof, costing more than one thousand dollars shall be built; and no enlargement or alteration shall be made to an existing wall, structure or building, costing more than five hundred dollars, until duplicate plans showing the details of the proposed work accompanied by duplicate specifications covering material or materials to be used, have been submitted to and approved by the building inspector, and a permit issued for the proposed construction or alteration. One set of the approved plans and specifications shall be retained by the building inspector and the other set shall be kept at the building during its construction. Pencil sketches and general specifications may be accepted by the building inspector. No changes from the approved plans shall be made until revised plans and specifications have been submitted to and approved by the building inspector.

No building shall be moved from without to within the fire limits and no building of any type shall be moved until a permit has been obtained from the building inspector; and no permit shall be issued for moving a

building to a new location unless the application for the permit is accompanied by formal approval and permission of the Board of Public Works.

SECT. 5. Incombustible Walls, Cornices, and Roofs Required Within the Restricted Area. Every building hereafter erected or enlarged within the restricted area shall be enclosed on all sides with walls constructed wholly of stone, brick, hollow building tile, concrete, or other equivalent incombustible materials; and shall have the roof, top, and sides of all roof structures, including dormer windows, covered with incombustible material. All cornices except those on dwelling houses, shall be of or covered with incombustible material.

SECT. 6. Permissible Wooden Structures Within the Restricted Area. No frame or wooden structure shall hereafter be built within the restricted area as given herein, except dwelling houses of not larger than 2 family design, except the following; and all roofs placed upon such buildings or structures shall have an incombustible covering:

- (a) Temporary one-story frame buildings for use of builders.
- (b) One-story sheds not over 15 feet high, open on the long side with sides covered with incombustible material, and with an area not exceeding 500 square feet. A wooden fence shall not be used to form the back or side of such sheds.
- (c) Wooden fences not over 10 feet high.
- (d) Piazzas or balconies not exceeding 10 feet in width, nor extending more than 3 feet above the second story floor beams. No such structure shall extend beyond the lot line, or be joined to any similar structure or another building.
- (e) Bay windows when covered with incombustible material.
- (f) Small outhouses not exceeding 150 square feet in area and 8 feet in height.

Wooden sheds or outhouses shall not be located within 5 feet of any lot line, nor less than 30 feet from any other building over one story high.

SECT. 7. Repairing Frame Buildings Within the Restricted Area. In case of any existing frame building which may hereafter be damaged by fire, decay or otherwise, to an amount greater than one-half of its sound value, exclusive of the foundation, the same shall not be repaired or rebuilt until the plans and specifications are satisfactory to the building inspector. In no case shall the area be increased if repaired. In case of a disagreement between the owner (and other parties interested) and the building inspector, each of them shall choose a representative and the two thus chosen shall select a third person. These three shall serve as a board of arbitration in the disputed matter and their decision shall be final on the owner of the property. These provisions shall not apply to existing frame dwelling houses.

SECT. 8. Limits of Height and Area. Except as specified in Section

22, no building hereafter erected within the fire limits, having walls of hollow building tile or concrete blocks, shall exceed three stories, or 40 feet in height; and no building hereafter erected or altered shall exceed four stories or 55 feet in height, unless it be of fireproof construction.

The floor area between fire walls of non-fireproof buildings shall not exceed the following: When fronting on one street, 5,000 square feet; when fronting on two streets, 6,000 square feet; and when fronting on three streets, 7,500 square feet. These area limits may be increased under the following conditions as indicated.

For non-fireproof building, fully equipped with approved automatic sprinklers, 66 $\frac{2}{3}$ per cent.

For fireproof buildings, not exceeding 125 feet in height, 50 per cent.

For fireproof buildings not exceeding 125 feet in height, fully equipped with approved automatic sprinklers, 100 per cent.

SECT. 9. Walls Within the Restricted Area. All exterior, or division walls of buildings hereafter erected within the restricted area shall be of masonry or concrete and of sufficient thickness to support safely the load to be carried.

Walls, excepting party and fire walls, for all buildings of other than the dwelling house class, not exceeding five stories or 65 feet in height, shall have the upper story not less than 8 inches thick, increasing 4 inches in thickness for each two stories or fraction thereof below. For such buildings in excess of five stories, but not exceeding ten stories or 125 feet in height, the top story shall be not less than 8 inches thick, increasing 4 inches in thickness for each two stories or fraction thereof below. No two-story increment shall exceed 30 feet in height.

Solid masonry exterior walls of dwellings not exceeding 30 feet in height, exclusive of gable, and occupied by not more than two families, shall be not less than 8 inches thick, and shall include cellar and basement wall if built the same thickness. The unsupported length of such walls shall not exceed 25 feet.

Solid concrete walls shall be not less than 6 inches thick, and hollow monolithic concrete walls shall have an aggregate thickness not less than 6 inches. If masonry walls are built hollow, or are constructed of hollow clay or concrete units, the allowable height of the 8-inch portion shall be limited to 20 feet and the remaining lower portion shall be at least 10 inches thick.

For dwellings over 30 feet high, but not exceeding 40 feet in height, the exterior walls shall be not less than 8 inches thick for the uppermost 20 feet and shall be at least 12 inches thick for the remaining lower portion.

Solid party and division walls of dwellings shall be not less than 8 inches thick for the uppermost 20 feet and shall be at least 12 inches for the remaining lower portion. Such party and division walls, if hollow, or if built of hollow clay or concrete units, shall be not less than 12 inches thick.

All walls of buildings of the dwelling house class of ordinary construction exceeding 40 feet in height shall be solid. The upper story shall not be less than 8 inches thick, increasing 4 inches in thickness for each three stories or fraction thereof below. No three-story increment shall exceed 45 feet in height.

Brick or concrete walls of buildings outside the restricted area, which under this ordinance could be of wood, may have minimum thickness of 8 inches. Such walls shall not exceed two stories or 30 feet in height, exclusive of gable, nor shall they exceed 35 feet in length unless properly braced by cross walls, piers, or buttresses.

Walls in skeleton construction shall be supported by girders at each story, and shall be not less than 12 inches thick, except that solid concrete may be 8 inches thick, if properly reinforced.

In all buildings, except dwellings, frame buildings, and skeleton construction, party walls and fire walls which serve as bearing walls on both sides, shall be not less than 16 inches thick at the top. No two-story increment shall exceed 30 feet in height.

Rubble stone walls shall be 4 inches thicker than required for brick walls.

The foundation walls of all buildings over two stories in height, except as above provided, shall be 4 inches thicker from footing to grade than required for the remainder of the wall.

All division or party walls over one story high, shall extend the full thickness of top story to at least 2 feet above the roof surfacing of a building as a parapet and be properly coped, excepting walls which face on a street and are finished with cornices covered with incombustible materials, gutters or crown mouldings; excepting also the walls of detached dwellings with peaked or hipped roofs.

Clay brick used for exterior walls, chimneys or piers, shall have an average compressive strength of 2,000 pounds per square inch, and an absorption not exceeding 20 per cent. Concrete, or other varieties of brick, used for the same purposes shall have an average crushing strength of 1,500 pounds per square inch, and an absorption not exceeding 15 per cent.

Portland cement only shall be used in the manufacture of concrete blocks to be used for walls within the restricted area, and the coarse aggregate shall be of suitable material graded in size, but in no case shall the maximum dimension exceed one-fourth the minimum width of any section of the finished block. Concrete blocks shall not be used in construction until they have attained the age of 28 days, or developed the strength required in this section.

The compressive strength of building blocks shall in all cases be calculated upon the gross area of the bedding faces, no account being taken of the cellular spaces.

Hollow building tile used for exterior or party walls or piers, and de-

signed to be laid normally with the cells vertical, shall have an average compressive strength of not less than 1,200 pounds per square inch when tested with the cells vertical, and not less than 300 pounds per square inch when tested with the cells horizontal.

The average compressive strength of hollow building tile designed to be laid normally with the cells horizontal and tested with the cells in that position, shall be not less than 700 pounds per square inch.

Hollow concrete block or tile used for exterior or party walls or piers shall have an average compressive strength of not less than 700 pounds per square inch.

Concrete blocks shall be not more than 36 days old when tested. The average strength of the blocks as here given shall be obtained by testing five blocks of average quality.

The allowable working stress on all masonry construction shall not exceed one-tenth of the required average test strength.

All walls and partitions in schools, hospitals, and places of public assemblage, over one story high, and all walls and partitions in theatres, shall hereafter be built of brick, stone, hollow or solid blocks, or metal lath and Portland cement plaster on metal studding or other equivalent incombustible construction.

The mortar used for all 8-inch walls, fire walls, foundation walls, walls for skeleton construction, and all walls built of hollow building tile or concrete blocks, shall be either Portland cement mortar, or cement-lime mortar, the latter in proportion not leaner than 1 part Portland cement, 1 part lime, and 6 parts sand by volume.

SECT. 10. Concrete Construction Within the Fire Limits. Concrete for reinforced concrete construction shall consist of a medium wet mixture of one part of Portland cement to not more than six parts of aggregate, fine and coarse, in such proportions as to produce the greatest density.

The quality of the materials, the design, and the construction, shall be in accordance with the best engineering practice.

SECT. 11. Protection of Ends of Wooden Beams Within the Fire Limits. The ends of all floor, ceiling, or roof beams, entering a party or fire wall from opposite sides, shall be separated by at least 6 inches of solid masonry. Such separation may be obtained by corbeling the wall, or staggering the beams, or the beams may be supported by steel wall hangers, but no wall shall be corbeled more than 2 inches for this purpose. The ends of all wooden beams which enter walls shall be cut to a bevel to make them self-releasing.

SECT. 12-A. Protection of Wall Openings Within the Fire Limits. No openings in an interior masonry wall shall exceed 8 feet by 10 feet.

NOTE.—Quartz gravel or other highly silicious gravel should not be used as an aggregate in concrete fireproofing or in reinforced concrete construction in portions of a building liable to be subjected to fire. It has been fully proven that such concrete cannot be depended upon when subjected to high temperatures.

If the opening be in a party or fire wall it shall have a standard automatic fire door on each side of the wall. If an opening in a fire wall is made to serve as an emergency exit, it shall not exceed 48 square feet in area, and a self-closing swinging fire door shall be substituted for one of the automatic fire doors. The total openings in a fire wall shall not exceed 25 per cent in linear length of the wall.

12-B. Every building hereafter erected within the restricted area except churches, dwellings, tenement houses, dormitories, and lodging houses, shall have standard fire doors, shutters, or wired glass in incombustible frames and sash on every exterior opening above the first story, except when fronting on a street not less than 50 feet wide or where no other building is within 35 feet of such opening. The wall of a building in the same plane as that in which the opening is situated, shall not be considered as coming within the intent of this rule. All openings in the side and rear walls of the first story, except show windows, shall be protected as prescribed in this section when within 50 feet of another building.

All exterior windows more than 75 feet above the curb shall have incombustible frames and sash glazed with wired glass.

SECT. 13. Stairway and Elevator Shafts Within the Fire Limits. In all buildings hereafter erected, which are used above the first floor for business purposes or for public assemblage, or for any purpose whatever if over three stories high, the stair shafts shall be separately and continuously enclosed by incombustible partitions. Elevator shafts in all buildings hereafter erected shall be enclosed in the same manner. The partitions shall be constructed of brick or other fire-resistive material approved by the Building Inspector or other designated official. No such partition shall be less than 4 inches thick.

All door openings in stair and elevator enclosures shall be protected by fire doors mounted with wrought iron or steel hardware, and shall be securely attached to the wall or partition, or to substantial incombustible frames anchored thereto. If glass panels be used in such doors, they shall be of wired glass not exceeding 720 square inches in area. Interior shaft windows shall not be permitted.

Doors opening into stairway shafts shall swing in the direction of exit travel, shall be self-closing, and shall be at least 30 inches wide.

The enclosure walls for all elevator shafts shall extend at least 3 feet above the roof, and at least three-fourths of the area shall be covered with a skylight constructed as specified in Section 14. If in the opinion of the Building Inspector, or other designated official, it is necessary to preserve an open elevator or hoistway in existing buildings, the floor openings through which they pass shall be equipped with automatically closing trap doors not less than 1½ inches thick, made of two thicknesses of matched boards, covered on the under side with tin; the trap doors when closed, shall extend beyond the openings on all sides.

SECT. 14. Skylights over Stairway and Elevator Shafts Within the Fire Limits. Where a stairway, elevator, or dumb-waiter shaft extends through the roof and is covered by a skylight, the skylight shall be constructed with incombustible frame and sash, glazed with ordinary thin glass, and shall be protected by a galvanized steel wire screen with a mesh not exceeding one inch, and the wire not smaller than No. 12 gauge. The screen shall have metal supports and be placed not less than 6 inches above the skylight. Instead of a skylight, a window may be placed above the roof in the side of the shaft which is farthest removed from a property line. The window shall have incombustible frame and sash, and be glazed with thin glass.

SECT. 15. Floor Lights. Except in dwellings, all openings hereafter made in floors for the transmission of light to floors below shall be covered with glass set in metal frames and bars. The glass shall be not less than $\frac{3}{4}$ inch in thickness, and if any glass measures more than 16 square inches there shall be a rigid wire mesh either in the glass or under it.

SECT. 16. Light, Vent and Dumb-Waiter Shafts Within the Fire Limits. In every building hereafter erected or altered, except frame buildings, all walls or partitions forming interior light or vent shafts shall be built in accordance with the requirements for stair and elevator shafts in new buildings as specified in Section 13. The walls of dumb-waiter shafts, except those in dwellings which extend only one story above the basement or cellar, shall be of fire-resistive construction, and shall be not less than 3 inches thick if constructed of brick, hollow or solid partition blocks, or of steel or wood studding and metal lath with $\frac{3}{4}$ inch of Portland cement plaster on each side; or a 2-inch solid metal lath and Portland cement plaster wall may be permitted, if securely anchored at each floor. The material and method of construction to be specified for stair and elevator shafts in existing buildings in Section 13.

Where a dumb-waiter shaft does not extend through the roof, the top of the shaft shall be of fire-resistive construction of the same thickness as the walls of the shaft.

All openings in dumb-waiters shall be protected by fire doors mounted in incombustible frames securely anchored to the walls.

The walls of all light and vent shafts hereafter erected shall extend not less than 3 feet above the roof level, except that when a shaft is covered by an incombustible ventilating skylight, the walls need not extend more than 2 feet above the roof. Masonry walls shall be properly coped.

When metal louvres are used for ventilating purposes, the louvres or slats shall be riveted to the metal frame.

SECT. 17. Roof Covering Within the Fire Limits. Every building hereafter erected and every roof hereafter renewed within the fire limits shall have a fire-resistive roof covering, and no existing wooden shingle

roof, if damaged by fire or other casualty more than 25 per cent shall be renewed or repaired with other than a fire-resistive roof covering.

SECT. 18. Roof Openings Within the Fire Limits. All openings in roofs for the admission of light or air, other than those provided for in Sections 14 and 16, shall have incombustible frames and sash glazed with wired glass; or ordinary glass may be used, if protected above and below by galvanized steel wire screens with a mesh not exceeding one inch, and the wire not smaller than No. 12 gauge. The top screen shall be installed as specified in Section 14.

SECT. 19. Exits Required Within the Fire Limits. The term floor area as used in this section shall mean the entire floor space between exterior walls and fire walls.

In every building hereafter erected or altered as to exits, except in private dwellings, not exceeding two stories in height and buildings erected solely for storage purposes, each floor area above the first shall be provided with at least two means of egress remote from each other, one of which shall be an enclosed stairway as provided in Section 13, or a doorway in a fire wall leading to another floor area separately provided with adequate stairs or other independent means of exit. Such doorway serving as an emergency exit in a fire wall shall be protected by an automatic and a self-closing fire door as specified in Section 12.* No portion of any floor area shall be more than 100 feet from a place of egress. Elevators shall not be considered as a required means of egress as specified in this section.†

Except in dwellings, no required stairway shall be less than 44 inches wide, and in all public buildings the total width of exit doorways leading therefrom shall at least be equal to the total width of the stairways which they serve.

The total width of stairway, interior and exterior, provided for the occupancy of each floor and those above, shall be not less than 44 inches

*NOTE.—As a means of rapid and safe egress from a burning building, the use of horizontal exits through a fire wall or a fire exit partition are strongly recommended. Such a partition shall be built of fire-resistive material not less than 3 inches thick, and be securely attached to the walls, floors, and ceilings of the room which it subdivides. It shall be provided with one or more self-closing fire doors, that is, doors which are kept closed by some automatic device. Such a partition would afford an area of quick refuge upon either side. Each area must be sufficient to accommodate all the people employed upon the floor, and must be provided with at least one independent exit to the street. As above indicated a fire wall may be made to serve the same purpose. As a means of egress, a doorway in such a partition or fire wall may be considered the equivalent of three times the same width of stairway.

†SMOKEPROOF TOWER.—The use of a smokeproof tower or stairway is also recommended as one of the best known means of safe escape from a burning building. At the same time it furnishes a protection position from which firemen can attack a fire on any floor. Such a tower is built entirely of incombustible materials, and has no direct openings to the interior of the building it serves. It is reached by a fireproof open-air balcony or interior open-air vestibule, this effectively excluding smoke and fire from the tower. The entrance at each floor level is protected by a self-closing fire door.

for the first 50 persons, and 12 inches for each additional 50 persons to be accommodated thereby. The stair treads shall be not less than $9\frac{1}{2}$ inches wide, and the risers not more than $7\frac{3}{4}$ inches high. Winders in such required stairways are prohibited.

Every school, hospital and theater, over one story high, shall have at least two stairways constructed entirely of incombustible material, located remote from each other and continuous from grade line to the topmost story.

All exit doors in schools, hospitals, theaters, and other places of public assemblage, shall open outward, and shall be equipped with anti-panic latches or bolts.

SECT. 20. Fire Stops. At each floor level in all buildings hereafter erected within the fire limits, all stud walls, partitions, furrings and spaces between joists where they rest on division walls or partitions, shall be fire-stopped with incombustible material in a manner to completely cut off communication by fire through concealed spaces. Such fire-stopping shall extend the full width of the studding and at least 4 inches above each floor level. Stair carriages shall be fire-stopped at least once in the middle portion of each run. Buildings of over one story in height if framed with girts the full size of the wall studding and floor timbers no other fire-stop would be required. If balloon framing is used fire-stops will be required at each floor as specified for interior partitions as above.

SECT. 21. Areaways in the Restricted Area. All areaways shall be guarded with suitable railings, or be protected by incombustible covers or gratings. If gratings be used, they shall have a wire screen of not more than $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch mesh securely attached to the under side. Open areaways shall not project beyond the lot line.

SECT. 22. Frame Buildings Within the Fire Limits. No frame buildings hereafter erected or altered shall exceed two stories or 30 feet in height, except that houses designed for private occupancy exclusively, may be three stories or 40 feet in height.

No frame building hereafter erected for any occupancy other than grain elevators, coal elevators and coal pockets, ice houses and exhibition buildings, shall cover a ground area exceeding the following: One-story building 7,500 square feet, two-story building 5,000 square feet.

In no case shall a frame building be erected within 5 feet of the side or rear lot line, nor within 10 feet of another building, unless the space between the studs on such side be filled solidly with not less than $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches of brickwork or other equivalent incombustible material, or unless the outer walls are covered on both sides with metal lath and stucco.

In rows of frame houses the dividing walls or partitions between houses shall be built of brick, hollow tile, concrete or other incombustible material; or they may be built with 4-inch studs, filled solidly with brickwork laid in mortar, or other incombustible material and be covered with metal lath and plaster. Such dividing partitions shall rest on masonry

walls and shall extend to under side of roof boards. A flush mortar joint shall be made between the roof boards and the wall or partition. In rows of more than three houses every alternate division wall or partition shall be constructed of solid brickwork not less than 8 inches in thickness.

Buildings with wooden framework clad with sheet metal or stucco or veneered with brick, shall be classed as frame buildings.

SECT. 23. Electrical Installations Within the Fire Limits. All electrical installations shall be in accordance with the National Electrical Code, and no installation of electrical equipment shall be made, except in conformity thereto.

SECT. 24. Chimneys Within the Fire Limits. The smoke flue of every high pressure steam boiler, hereafter erected, and every appliance producing a corresponding temperature in a flue, if built of brick, stone, reinforced concrete or other approved masonry, shall have walls not less than 12 inches thick, and the inside 4 inches of such wall shall be fire brick, laid in fire mortar, for a distance of at least 25 feet from the point where the smoke connection of the boiler enters the flue.

Metal smokestacks may be permitted for boilers, furnaces and similar apparatus, where large hot fires are used, provided they have a clearance from all combustible material of not less than one-half the diameter of the stack, but not less than 15 inches unless the combustible material be properly guarded by loose-fitting metal shields, in which case the distance shall be not less than 12 inches. Where such stack passes through a combustible roof, it shall be guarded by a galvanized iron ventilating thimble extending from at least 9 inches below the under side of the ceiling or roof beams, to at least 9 inches above the roof, and the diameter of the ventilating thimble shall be not less than 36 inches greater than that of the smokestack. Metal smokestacks shall not be permitted to pass through floors.

SECT. 25. Chimney for Low Temperature Appliances Within the Fire Limits. All chimneys, hereafter erected within the corporate limits, shall be built of brick, or other fireproof, incombustible material, and in no case shall rest upon any flooring without a footing of masonry or iron supported by iron beams, having a secure bearing of masonry or iron at either end. All chimneys shall be constructed with either 8-inch brick walls or with 4-inch brickwork and a terra-cotta flue lining set in cement. Brick chimneys shall be smoothly plastered with mortar on the outside below the roofing. In no case shall a nail be driven into the masonry or any flue. All flues shall be guarded by either a double collar of metal or a recess, leaving two inches of space around the flue. No drain pipe or earthenware of any description shall be used for horizontal flues but all flues of this kind shall be made of iron pipe laid in brick and mortar, or a double galvanized iron pipe, the air space between the pipes to be not less than two inches. All flues shall be topped out at least four feet above a flat roof and two feet above the ridge of a pitched roof building

and all chimneys shall be covered with a cap of metal, concrete, or stone properly secured. No soft brick shall be used on the exterior above the roof or on the interior within four feet of the roofing in the construction of chimneys. No smoke-pipe or flue shall project through an external wall or through any window, door, or other opening in said wall, and no stove funnel shall project through any partition or floor unless the same is safely and securely surrounded by brick or stonework. Hearths or fireplaces or grates shall not be less than eight inches thick and shall be laid upon brick or other trimmed arches, or upon bars of iron supporting a bed of brickwork.

All funnel receivers shall be built into the chimneys at the time of their construction. All chimneys shall have at their base an ash door, or some opening sufficient to enable them to be readily cleaned. If any existing or hereafter erected chimney, flue, or other heating apparatus shall be dangerous or unsafe, the Inspector shall at once notify, in writing, the owner, agent, or other party having an interest in said premises, and shall require him to make the same safe immediately. All woodwork shall be kept away at least two inches from any chimney.

No building shall be hereafter erected in which chimneys, boilers, or heating apparatus of any kind are used, or are to be erected and maintained, nor shall any alterations be made in chimneys or flues already erected, without notice to the Inspector before such changes or alterations are commenced, and this provision shall apply to all buildings raised, moved, or built upon.

SECT. 26. Hot Air Pipes. No woodwork shall be placed at a less distance than one inch from any tin or other metal flue, or flues, pipe or pipes, used or intended to be used to convey heated air in any building unless protected by a metal or earthen casing so constructed as to permit the free circulation of air around said flues or pipes.

Cold-air ducts for hot-air furnaces shall be made of incombustible material.

SECT. 27. Steam and Hot Water Pipes. No unprotected steam or hot water pipe shall be within 1 inch of any woodwork. Every steam or hot water pipe passing through combustible floors, or ceilings, or wooden lath and plaster partitions, shall be protected by a metal tube, and be provided with a metal cap. All wooden boxes, or casings enclosing steam or hot water heating pipes, or wooden covers to recesses in walls in which steam or hot water heating pipes are placed, shall be lined with metal.

SECT. 28. Dry Rooms Within the Fire Limits. No combustible material shall be permitted in the construction of any dry room hereafter erected, in which a temperature of 125 degrees Fahrenheit or over may exist. If a temperature under 125 degrees Fahrenheit is to be used, the dry room may be constructed of wood, but it shall be lined throughout with $\frac{1}{8}$ -inch asbestos, covered with sheet metal.

If windows are placed in walls or ceilings of dry rooms they shall be of wired glass set in fixed incombustible sash and frames.

SECT. 29. Stoves and Ranges Within the Fire Limits. Hotel and restaurant ranges shall be provided with a metal hood, placed at least 9 inches below any wooden lath and plaster or wooden ceiling, and have an individual pipe outlet connected with a good brick flue. The pipe shall be protected by at least one inch of asbestos covering, or its equivalent.

Combustible floors under coal ranges and similar appliances without legs, such as mentioned in Section 30 in which hot fires are maintained, shall rest upon 6-inch foundations built of incombustible materials supported within the thickness of the floor framing. Such hearths shall extend at least 24 inches in front and 12 inches on the sides and back of the range or similar heating appliance.

SECT. 30. Heating Furnaces and Appliances Within the Fire Limits. Any woodwork, wooden lath and plaster partition or ceiling within 4 feet of the sides or back, or 6 feet from the front of any heating boiler, furnace, bakery oven, coffee roaster, fire-heated candy kettle, laundry stove or other similar appliance shall be covered with metal to a height of at least 4 feet above the floor. This covering shall extend the full length of the boiler, furnace, or heating appliance, and to at least 5 feet in front of it. Metal shields shall be loosely attached, thus preserving an air space behind them. In no case shall such combustible construction be permitted within 2 feet of the sides or back of the heating appliance, or 5 feet in front of same.

No furnace, boiler, range, or other heating appliance, shall be placed against a wall furred with wood.

Heating boilers shall be encased on sides and top by an incombustible protective covering not less than $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches thick.

SECT. 31. Open Flame Heating Devices Within Fire Limits. All gas, gasoline, oil, or charcoal burning stoves or heating devices, shall be placed on iron stands at least 6 inches above combustible supports, unless the burners are at least 5 inches above the base with metal guard plates 4 inches below the burners.

No open flame heating or lighting devices shall be used in any room where gasoline or other volatile inflammable fluids are stored or handled.

SECT. 32. Gas Connections Within the Fire Limits. Gas connections to stoves and similar heating devices shall be made by rigid metal pipes. For small portable gas heating devices, flexible metal or rubber tubing may be used when there is no valve or other shut-off on the device.

SECT. 33. Vent Flues Within the Fire Limits. Vent flues or ducts, for the removal of foul or vitiated air, in which the temperature of the air cannot exceed that of the rooms, shall be constructed of metal or other incombustible material, and shall not be nearer than one inch to any woodwork, and no such flue shall be used for any other purpose.

SECT. 34. Safety of Design Within the Fire Limits. All parts of every building shall be designed to safely carry the loads to be imposed thereon, and shall in all other respects conform to good engineering practice.

SECT. 35. Regulations Within the Fire Limits. No persons shall hereafter set up or cause to be set up or use any steam, gas, naphtha, gasoline, or other engine, or vulcanizing plant or dry cleansing equipment, in any building within the fire limits of the city without written consent of the building inspector, to be first had and obtained after a hearing of all parties in interest duly notified by public notice posted on the public notice board at the city hall at least seven days before the date of hearing, and by a further notice given to or left at the last and usual place of abode of the owners or occupants of land adjoining the premises where license is asked under this section. In all cases where said building inspector shall give such written consent, he shall cause the petition and evidence of notice and all such written consent to be filed with the city clerk, who shall keep the same on file. In all cases where said building inspector shall refuse or neglect to give his written consent, any party interested in the matter may petition the board of mayor and aldermen for such consent and shall set forth in his petition that he has applied to the building inspector for such consent which has not been granted. The board of mayor and aldermen shall thereupon order a hearing, giving not less than seven days' notice, and upon such hearing or adjournment thereof, shall grant or refuse such consent, as they may deem proper.

SECT. 36. No permit shall be granted by the building inspector for the erection or remodeling of a building to be used as a public garage, steam mill, furnace, foundry, blacksmith's shop, vulcanizing plant or dry cleansing equipment, or house for storing powder until the owner has filed with the building inspector a written certificate stating that the owner has received a license therefor from the board of mayor and aldermen, and no building already erected shall be used or occupied for any of the above-named purposes unless a license to so use or occupy has been granted by the board of mayor and aldermen; and the building inspector shall have power to order such changes in existing buildings used for the above-named purposes as he may deem necessary.

SECT. 37. Within the Fire Limits. No person shall hereafter erect or build, or cause to be erected or built, any buildings for the aforesaid purposes, until he has presented to the board of mayor and aldermen a petition therefore; setting out the proposed situation of such public garage, steam mill, furnace, foundry, blacksmith shop, vulcanizing or dry cleansing establishment, the materials of which the same are to be built, the dimensions, height, and number of stories of the proposed building, the situation of all boilers therein, the manner in which the same are to be secured or set, the height of the chimney, and the various branches of

business to be carried on or proposed to be carried on in said building, and having first obtained a license therefor.

SECT. 38. Storage of Gunpowder or Dynamite. No person shall erect, or cause to be erected or built within the city, any building for the storage of dynamite or gunpowder, in quantities of over twenty-five pounds weight, nor use or permit to be used or occupied any building for such purpose, unless in a building situated more than sixty rods from any dwelling house, public road, or place, and under a license from the board of mayor and aldermen.

SECT. 39. The board of mayor and aldermen may from time to time grant licenses, as provided in the preceding sections, to any person or persons petitioning therefore, and upon such conditions as they shall deem necessary.

SECT. 40. The city clerk shall record all such licenses granted as aforesaid, in a book to be kept for that purpose, and he shall receive therefor the sum of twenty-five cents, to be paid by the person to whom said license is granted.

SECT. 41. The building inspector shall have the authority to stop the construction of any building, or the making of any alterations or repairs of any building, within the city, when the same is being done in a reckless or careless manner, or in violation of any ordinance of this city, and to order, in writing or parole, any and all persons in any way or manner whatever engaged in so constructing, altering, or repairing any such building, to stop and desist therefrom; and to have the authority, if they find any building or part thereof in an unsafe condition and so that said unsafe condition may be averted by the immediate application of precautionary measures, to cause such precautionary measures to be taken, all work necessary to render said building or any part thereof safe to be done after having served written notice upon the owner, lessee, occupant, or agent of said building personally. Following any order of the building inspector made under the provision of this section, any party interested may petition the mayor to have the questions raised by such order heard and determined by the board of aldermen. Upon receipt of such petition the mayor shall notify all parties interested to appear and be heard either at the next regular meeting of the board of aldermen or at a special meeting which the mayor may call for that purpose.

SECT. 42. Temporary observation stands, booth, and platforms may be erected within the fire limits upon permits issued by the building inspector.

SECT. 43. Duties of Enforcing Officer. The building Inspector is hereby authorized and empowered:

First: To enforce all ordinances relating to the construction, equipment, management and condition of all property within the corporate limits.

Second: To supervise the construction or reconstruction of all buildings.

Third: When called upon to report to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen regarding the condition of the city on all matters pertaining hereto.

SECT. 44. Penalty for Violations. Any and all persons who shall violate any of the provisions of this ordinance or fail to comply therewith, or who shall violate or fail to comply with any order or regulation made thereunder, or who shall build in violation of any detailed statement of specifications or plans submitted and approved thereunder, or any certificate or permit issued thereunder shall severally for each and every such violation and non-compliance respectively, forfeit and pay a penalty in the sum of twenty-five dollars. The imposition of one penalty for any violation of this ordinance shall not excuse the violation, or permit it to continue; and all such persons shall be required to correct or remedy such violations or defects within a reasonable time; and when not otherwise specified, each ten days that prohibited conditions are maintained shall constitute a separate offense.

The application of the above penalty shall not be held to prevent the enforced removal of prohibited conditions, as provided in Section 2 of this ordinance.

SECT. 45. Conflicting Ordinances Repealed. All ordinances and parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

SECT. 46. Date of Effect. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage, and legal publication.

GARAGES WITHIN THE FIRE LIMITS

SECTION 1. The word "garage" wherever occurring in this Code shall mean a building or any part thereof, in which there shall be housed or kept one or more self-propelled vehicles, or automobiles, containing inflammable liquid for fuel or power. The plans for every garage shall be filed in duplicate with the building inspector and shall be approved by him before any use of the garage as such.

SECT. 2. For the purposes of this ordinance garages are classed as follows:

Class A—Private Garages.

Class B—Public Garages.

SECT. 3. Class A: A private garage is one in which there shall be housed or kept not more than four self-propelled vehicles, or automobiles. The following regulations shall govern the construction and maintenance of all private garages:

(a) Gasoline in excess of 5 gallons, exclusive of that in the tanks, or vehicles in storage, shall not be kept within any private garage. That quantity or less shall be kept only in a 5-gallon can approved by the building inspector, and any quantity in excess of 5 gallons shall be kept

NOTE.—To insure a standard quality of construction, it is suggested that all fire doors, windows, shutters, and similar devices required by the provisions of this ordinance, shall be of a manufacture which has been tested and approved by the Underwriters' Laboratories.

only in a tank or tanks placed not less than 3 feet beneath the surface of the ground and approved by the building inspector.

(b) No private garage shall hereafter be erected or used as such nearer than 15 feet to any church, school, or other public building unless the same be constructed of brick, concrete or other non-combustible material, when the same may be erected or used if not nearer than 10 feet to any church, school, or other public building.

(c) Private garages, for the shelter of not more than four self-propelled vehicles or automobiles, shall be subject to the following regulations:

1. Barns, stables, sheds or other buildings already standing may be utilized for private use only without the necessity of securing a permit. Except that in case of any alterations being required to so use the building or buildings, permit shall be secured as provided for in the following section.

2. For the erection of a private garage plans shall be filed in duplicate with the Building Inspector and be subject to his approval before work is commenced. Notice shall be given to, or left at the last and usual place of abode of all abutting property owners, by the owner or owners of the property where the permit for erection of any private garage is sought, and a copy of said notice be posted on the public bulletin board in the City Hall. Such notice shall be given or left at least seven days in advance of a hearing to be held on the premises. Said date to be set by the Building Inspector. At said hearing all persons notified may be present and heard. If no objection is raised to location of proposed private garage or type of construction, the Building Inspector shall issue a permit for its construction. If objections are raised by the owner or owners of any abutting property, the Building Inspector shall not issue a permit but shall refer the matter to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen who shall then proceed in the same manner as specified in Section relating to public garages.

SECT. 4. A private garage may be located beneath a dwelling, provided the following regulations as to its construction are rigidly complied with:

(a) The floor and ceiling construction above the garage when it is located beneath the building, or the roof when the garage is attached to the building, shall be unpierced and shall have a fire-resistance of one hour based upon the Standard Specifications for Fire Tests of Materials and Construction.

(b) Walls and partitions shall be of such construction as will meet requirements of the one-hour test as above specified.

NOTE.—A minimum type of floor and ceiling construction which it is believed will meet the requirements of the specified test would be constructed as follows:

Two-inch floor joists spaced on not less than 16 inch centers and properly bridged. Overhead flooring double, of seven-eighths inch rough and finished floor boards with a layer of asbestos floor felt between. Ceiling of heavy metal lath and Portland cement

(c) All doors and windows with their sash and frames shall be of standard fireproof construction and glazed with wired glass.

(d) Openings from dwellings into garage shall be restricted to a single doorway: such openings shall be protected by a standard swinging self-closing fire door with approved fire-resistive frame and hardware. No glass shall be permitted in such door.

(e) When doorway connects directly with a cellar or basement on the same lower level in which there is any heating device or gas fixture, it shall have a sill raised at least one foot above the garage floor level; or the doorway shall lead into a vestibule from which a second door connects with the cellar or basement.

(f) Garage floor shall be of concrete or equal fire-resistive and impervious material and shall have a slope sufficient to permit natural drainage of gasses, oil and water to the outside.

(g) There shall be no stove or forge in any private garage except in a heating room thereof, which heat-room shall be separated from every other part of the garage by partitions having one-hour fire resistance fitted tightly to floor and ceiling.

(b) There shall be no pit in any floor.

SECT. 5. Class B. A public garage is any garage not included in Class A. No public garage shall be constructed, or maintained or used as such until a permit therefor has been granted by the Building Inspector. The following regulations shall govern the construction of and maintenance of all public garages:

(a) No public garage shall be located or maintained within 50 feet of any school, place of assemblage or place of detention.

(b) Hereafter no permit for the maintenance of a public garage, in the prescribed area, in any frame building or in any building used in part as a dwelling shall be granted.

or gypsum plaster not less than three-fourths inch thick. The metal lath to be attached to the joists by 6 penny nails driven nearly home and heads turned over against the lath, also by strands of No. 8 annealed wire looped over each third joist engaging the lath at bottom of joist and twisted to place. These loops to be spaced at intervals of 2 feet along the joists. The lath to be bent down 6 inches along the walls on all sides and securely attached to same.

For walls and partitions any construction meeting the test qualifications should be approved. In absence of test records proving that less thickness of material may be employed the following may be accepted: Brick, hollow tile, concrete block or gypsum block, 4 inches thick, or reinforced concrete 3 inches thick. The foregoing incombustible constructions are recommended.

The minimum construction meeting the requirements for walls would be a back-plastered Portland cement stucco on heavy metal lath attached to wooden studs spaced on 16 inch centers with metal lath and three-fourths inch Portland cement or gypsum plaster on the inside surface.

For partitions, three-fourths inch Portland cement or gypsum plaster on metal lath on each side of stud construction as above specified may be accepted as fulfilling the requirement.

SECT. 6. All public garages hereafter erected within the fire limits shall have enclosing walls of masonry, concrete or reinforced concrete. Every window exposing any building within 50 feet shall have a standard metal frame and sash glazed with wired glass. All elevators, stairways and ramps shall be enclosed with fire-resistive material and every opening in such elevators, or stairway enclosure protected by automatic fire door.

Exposed steel work shall be permitted in roof supports only. All floors shall be of fire-resistive construction with an impervious surface and designed to carry safely the loads imposed. Wooden roof or floor support shall be of mill type, or of built-up truss construction with no wooden members less than 2 x 8 inches (nominal size) in minimum dimension.

A garage exceeding 50 cars storage capacity on any one floor and with unprotected steel or wooden roof supports or wooden floor supports shall be protected by an automatic sprinkler system.

SECT. 7. No pits shall be permitted. No room used for storage shall be permitted below a grade which will prevent natural ventilation at the floor level.

SECT. 8. (a) All storage of gasoline shall be in underground tanks; provided, however, that there may be in each garage one or more approved portable wheeled tanks, each of a capacity not exceeding sixty gallons, to be used for transferring such liquid from the storage tank; the number of these wheeled tanks shall be fixed for each garage by the Chief of the Fire Department and the Building Inspector. The reservoirs of motor vehicles shall be filled directly through hose from pumps attached to such portable tanks, or by hose coupled to permanent filling stations connected with the main storage tanks. No transfer of gasoline in any garage shall be made in any open container. Hose for use in connection with the filling station or with the portable tank shall be of such design and material as to prevent leakage.

(b) Storage tanks for gasoline shall be buried at such points as shall be directed by the Chief of the Fire Department and by the Building Inspector. The top of each tank shall be at least three feet below the surface of the ground and below the level of the lowest pipe in the building to be supplied. Tanks may be permitted underneath a building, if buried at least three feet below the lowest floor. Tanks shall be set on firm foundations and shall be surrounded by soft earth or sand well tamped into place, or encased in concrete. A tank may have a test well, provided it extends to near the bottom of tank and its top shall be hermetically sealed and locked, except when necessarily open. When a tank is located underneath a building its test well shall extend above source of supply. The limit of tank storage capacity permitted shall depend upon the location of tanks with respect to the building to be supplied and adjacent buildings, as follows:

(1) Unlimited capacity if lower than any floor, basement, cellar or pit in any building within a radius of fifty feet.

(2) 20,000 gallons total capacity if lower than any floor, basement, cellar or pit in any building within a radius of thirty feet.

(3) 5,000 gallons total capacity if lower than any floor, basement, cellar or pit in any building within a radius of twenty feet.

(4) 1,500 gallons total capacity if lower than any floor, basement, cellar or pit in any building within a radius of ten feet.

(5) 500 gallons if not lower than every floor, basement, cellar or pit in any building within a radius of ten feet, in which case it shall be entirely encased in six inches of concrete.

(c) Except existing tanks in good condition, all tanks below ground as permitted by this ordinance shall be made of basic open hearth steel or wrought iron of a minimum gauge, depending upon the capacity or size as given in the following table:

| Capacity. | Minimum Thickness. |
|--------------------------|---------------------|
| 1 to 560 gallons | No. 14 BWG |
| 560 to 1,100 gallons | No. 12 BWG |
| 1,100 to 4,000 gallons | No. 7 BWG |
| 4,000 to 10,500 gallons | $\frac{1}{4}$ inch |
| 10,500 to 20,000 gallons | $\frac{5}{16}$ inch |
| 20,000 to 30,000 gallons | $\frac{3}{8}$ inch |

Tanks shall be riveted, welded or brazed and shall be soldered, caulked or otherwise made tight in a mechanical and workmanlike manner, and if to be used with a pressure discharge system shall safely sustain a hydrostatic test at least double the pressure to which each tank may be subjected. Top of each tank shall be securely fastened to top ring with joints of equal tightness to those between rings. Every tank shall be covered with asphaltum or other rust-preventing paint or coating. All pipe connections shall be made through flanges or reinforced metal, securely riveted, welded or bolted to tank and made thoroughly tight.

(d) All underground storage systems, in which the tank shall contain inflammable gasses, shall have at least a 1-inch vent pipe running from top of tank to a point outside of the building and acceptable to the Chief of the Fire Department and to the Building Inspector, and which shall end at least 12 feet above level of source of supply and in a location remote from fire escapes and never nearer than three feet, measured horizontally and vertically to any window or other opening; the tank vent pipe shall terminate in a gooseneck, protected at its outer end by a 30 x 30 mesh, or equivalent, brass wire screen, or by a combined vent and filling pipe, so equipped and located as to vent the tank at all times even during filling operations. The vent pipes from two or more tanks may be connected to one upright, provided they be so connected at a point at least one foot above level of source of supply.

(e) All drawing-off pipes terminating inside of any building shall have valves at the discharge ends.

(f) The end of the filling pipe for every underground storage tank shall be carried to an approved location outside of any building but not within 5 feet of any entrance door, or cellar opening, and shall be set in an approved metal box with cover, which shall be kept locked except during filling operations; this filling pipe shall be closed by a screw cap. A 30 x 30 mesh, or equivalent, brass screen strainer shall be placed in the supply end of the filling pipe.

(g) Liquids shall be drawn from tanks by pumps so constructed as to prevent leakage or waste splashing, or by some other system approved by the Chief of the Fire Department and by the Building Inspector with controlling apparatus and piping so arranged as to allow control of the amount of discharge and prevent leakage or discharge inside the building by any derangement of the system. When inside of a building, the pump or other drawing-off device shall be located on the grade floor, preferably near an entrance or other well-ventilated place.

SECT. 9. In no instance shall gasoline or other volatile or inflammable liquid be allowed to run upon the floor or to fall or pass into the drainage system of the premises. Self-closing metal cans shall be used for all oily waste or wasted oils.

SECT. 10. In every public garage two or more approved chemical fire extinguishers and four or more pails of sand shall be kept convenient for quick use in case of fire.

SECT. 11. Construction and maintenance of public garage outside the restricted area and used solely for shelter purposes may be allowed under the same provision prescribed in Section C—relating to private garages.

Passed Aug. 11, 1924.

AN ORDINANCE RELATING TO SHOWS AND EXHIBITIONS.

Be it ordained by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

SECTION 1. No showman, tumbler, rope dancer, ventriloquist or other person shall, for pay, exhibit any feats of agility or horsemanship or sleight of hand, rope dancing, or feats of cards, or any animal, wax figures, puppets or other show, or shall perform or exhibit any theatrical representation in this city, nor give any musical performance or exhibition of singing or dancing or other exhibition or amusement of any kind with or without pay, unless a license or permit therefore in writing, specifying the time and object for which said license is granted, shall first be obtained from the mayor, city clerk, and city marshal who are hereby constituted a licensing board.

SECT. 2. Every such person shall pay such license for the use of the city, the following sums: For each circus or show where feats of agility, horsemanship, sleight of hand or rope dancing are performed and for menageries where wild beasts are exhibited, the sum of Fifty Dollars (\$50.00); for each troupe or company of minstrels or comedians, and for all other theatrical and dramatic exhibitions and for each panorama, mirror, stereoscopic, moving pictures or other views, the sum of One

Dollar (\$1.00), for each day exhibited or performed; for each and all other exhibitions, wrestling contests, or other shows the mayor, city clerk, and city marshal shall fix the sum to be paid for license fee as they deem best.

SECT. 3. Theaters or places of amusement of a permanent character may be licensed for a period of one year from the first day of May of each year for the following sums: for theaters or places of amusement of the seating capacity of one thousand (1000) or more, three hundred dollars (\$300.00) per year; of the seating capacity of five hundred (500) and under one thousand (1000), one hundred and fifty dollars (\$150.00) per year; of the seating capacity under five hundred (500), one hundred dollars (\$100.00) per year, and all of the aforesaid sums to be payable in advance. The license shall designate the location of said theater or place of amusement and shall not be transferable.

SECT. 4. If any person holding a license shall desire to transfer and carry on such business in other premises in said city than those designated in the original application and in the license, upon the making and filing of a new application said licensing board shall grant the same subject to the regulations and requirements as governed the original license.

SECT. 5. At any time after a license has been issued to any person the same may be revoked and cancelled by said licensing board, if the performance shall violate any of the public statutes or ordinances of the city, be conducted in a building which does not conform with the ordinances or regulations of the Board of Aldermen, or the place licensed be used for criminal or immoral purposes. Before any such license is revoked or cancelled, the holder shall be entitled to a hearing by said licensing board, and to five days' previous notice thereof in writing, except that licenses of a temporary character may be revoked at any time by said licensing board without notice, in their discretion.

SECT. 6. Any member of said licensing board, police officer or agent may enter upon the premises licensed under this ordinance at reasonable times to ascertain the manner in which said license is exercised and to preserve order.

SECT. 7. All licenses or revocation thereof under Section 3 of this ordinance shall be subject to ratification by the board of aldermen.

SECT. 8. All concerts, shows, exhibitions or performances originating in this city and of a purely local character for the benefit of any religious, social, educational, charitable or fraternal organization, shall be entitled to a license without any charge therefor.

SECT. 9. Any person violating any of the provisions of this ordinance shall be punished by a fine not exceeding twenty dollars (\$20.00).

SECT. 10. This ordinance shall take effect upon its passage, and all ordinances or parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith, are hereby repealed.

Passed January 12, 1925.

RESOLUTIONS.**RESOLUTION PROVIDING FOR PRINTING OF THE ROSTER OF THE CITY GOVERNMENT.**

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That the city clerk be instructed to prepare a roster of the present city government and cause copies to be printed, and that the expense of printing the same shall be charged to the account of printing and stationery.

Passed January 22, 1924.

RESOLUTION IN RELATION TO A TEMPORARY LOAN NOT EXCEEDING FOUR HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS (\$400,000).

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That the Committee on Finance is hereby authorized to borrow on the credit of the city the sum not to exceed four hundred thousand dollars (\$400,000) for expenses in anticipation of taxes for the municipal year 1924 and to issue notes of the city therefor upon such terms and for such amounts as the committee shall determine. The said loan to be payable from the taxes for the said municipal year and the said Committee on Finance is hereby authorized to refund all or any of the said notes at their maturity, provided, however, that the refunding notes shall be payable within one year after the date of the incurrence of the debt represented by the note or notes refunded.

Passed January 22, 1924.

RESOLUTION ASKING FOR SEALED PROPOSALS FOR PRINTING AND BINDING THE ANNUAL CITY REPORTS.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That the city clerk be, and hereby is instructed to ask for sealed proposals for printing and binding the city reports for the year 1923 and submit the same to the Finance Committee, who shall have full power to act in the matter.

Passed January 22, 1924.

RESOLUTION IN RELATION TO PAYING SALARIES, PAY-ROLLS AND RENTS.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That the mayor be, and hereby is, authorized to draw his warrant on the city treasurer for the payment of all salaries, pay-rolls and rents as

the same shall become due during the present municipal term, and all bills so paid shall be laid before the Committee on Accounts and Claims at the next meeting.

Passed January 22, 1924.

RESOLUTION IN FAVOR OF MATTIE E. DREW.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That the sum of one hundred eighty-seven and 45-100 dollars (\$187.45) be, and the same is hereby, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated for the benefit of Mattie E. Drew.

Passed February 11, 1924.

RESOLUTION APPROPRIATING MONEY FOR PURCHASING A SEWER RIGHT FROM THE NEW HAMPSHIRE SPINNING MILLS.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows: -

That the sum of three hundred dollars be and hereby is appropriated for the purchase from the New Hampshire Spinning Mills of a permanent right to maintain a sewer from East Canal street across the land and canal of the said New Hampshire Spinning Mills to the Contoocook River; said sum to be charged to the account of incidentals and land damages.

Passed February 11, 1924.

RESOLUTION APPROPRIATING MONEY TO PAY TAXES ASSESSED IN 1923 ON NON-RESIDENT PROPERTY SOLD TO THE CITY IN 1920 FOR 1919 TAXES.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

SECTION 1. That the sum of twenty-six cents (\$.26) be, and the same is hereby, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to pay taxes assessed in 1923 on non-resident property sold to the city in 1920 for 1919 taxes.

SECT. 2. This resolution shall take effect upon its passage.

Passed March 10, 1924.

RESOLUTION APPROPRIATING MONEY TO PAY TAXES ASSESSED IN 1923 ON NON-RESIDENT PROPERTY SOLD TO THE CITY IN 1921 FOR 1920 TAXES.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

SECTION 1. That the sum of one and 33-100 dollars (\$1.33) be, and the same is hereby, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not

otherwise appropriated, to pay taxes assessed in 1923 on non-resident property sold to the city in 1921 and 1920 taxes.

SECT. 2. This resolution shall take effect upon its passage.
Passed March 10, 1924.

RESOLUTION APPROPRIATING TWENTY-FIVE AND 42-100 DOLLARS (\$25.42) TO PAY FOR NON-RESIDENT REAL ESTATE SOLD TO THE CITY OF CONCORD FOR UNPAID TAXES FOR THE YEAR 1923.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That the sum of twenty-five and 42-100 dollars (\$25.42) be, and the same hereby is, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to pay the amount due to the City of Concord for non-resident real estate purchased at the tax collector's sale of non-resident real estate for the unpaid taxes for the year 1923.

Passed March 10, 1924.

RESOLUTION PROVIDING FOR PRINTING FIVE HUNDRED COPIES OF THE BUILDING CODE.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That the Committee on Building Code be, and hereby is, authorized to have printed five hundred copies of the Building Code and that the expense of printing the same shall be charged to the account of printing and stationery.

Passed March 10, 1924.

RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE FINANCE COMMITTEE TO ENGAGE THE SERVICES OF A CITY SERVICE ADVISOR.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That the Finance Committee be and hereby is authorized to engage the services of Gaylord C. Cummings, City Service Advisor, for the purpose of planning and installing a new system of accounts and records in the various city departments at a total expense not exceeding two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500.00).

Passed March 10, 1924.

RESOLUTION TRANSFERRING FOURTEEN HUNDRED EIGHTY DOLLARS OF THE INCOME FROM THE EASTMAN LIBRARY FUND TO THE PRINCIPAL OF SAID FUND FOR THE LIBRARY.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

SECTION 1. That the sum of fourteen hundred eighty dollars

(\$1,480.00) of the income from the Eastman Library Fund be, and hereby is, transferred to the principal of said fund for the Library.

SECT. 2. This resolution shall take effect upon its passage.

Passed March 10, 1924.

RESOLUTION TRANSFERRING THE BALANCE FROM PRECINCT WEST CONCORD
SEWER SINKING FUND TO THE GENERAL ACCOUNT.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That the sum of thirty-five and 14-100 dollars (\$35.14), the balance due Precinct West Concord Sewer Sinking Fund, January 1, 1924, be, and hereby is, transferred to the general account of the city.

Passed April 14, 1924.

RESOLUTION FIXING AND DETERMINING THE AMOUNT OF MONEY TO BE
RAISED FOR THE ENSUING FINANCIAL YEAR TO PAY THE OPERATING
DEFICIT EXISTING AT THE END OF THE FISCAL YEAR 1923.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

SECTION 1. There shall be raised and there is hereby ordered to be raised, on the ratable estates within said city the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars (\$75,000) to pay for the operating deficit existing at the end of the fiscal year 1923 and the tax for this purpose shall be placed on the tax bills as a separate and distinct item.

Passed April 14, 1924.

RESOLUTION FIXING AND DETERMINING THE AMOUNT OF MONEY TO BE
RAISED ON THE TAXABLE PROPERTY AND INHABITANTS WITHIN THE
LIMITS OF THE SEWERAGE PRECINCT FOR THE ENSUING FINANCIAL
YEAR.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

SECTION 1. There shall be raised, and there is hereby ordered to be raised, on the polls and ratable estates within the sewerage precinct of said city the sum of eighteen hundred seventy-five dollars (\$1,875.00) to defray the necessary expenses and charges of said precinct for the ensuing financial year, which shall be appropriated as follows:

For the payment of interest that may become due on precinct bonds, \$1,875.00.

SECT. 2. This resolution shall take effect upon its passage.

Passed April 14, 1924.

RESOLUTION FIXING AND DETERMINING THE AMOUNT OF MONEY TO BE
RAISED FOR THE ENSUING FINANCIAL YEAR FOR THE USE OF THE
CITY.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

SECTION 1. There shall be raised and there is hereby ordered to be raised on the polls and ratable estates within said city, the sum of three hundred twenty-five thousand dollars (\$325,000) to defray the necessary expenses and charges of the city for the ensuing financial year, which together with the sums which may be raised by taxes on railroads and from other sources, shall be appropriated as follows:

GENERAL.

| | |
|---|-------------|
| For aid city poor | \$3,500.00 |
| For interest cemetery trust fund | 1,826.17 |
| For interest on bonds | 6,855.00 |
| For interest on temporary loans | 8,000.00 |
| For Margaret Pillsbury Hospital | 3,000.00 |
| For New Hampshire Memorial Hospital | 1,000.00 |
| For civic adviser | 2,500.00 |
| For playground and bath | 3,300.00 |
| For parks | 6,000.00 |
| For eradication white pine blister rust | 1,000.00 |
| For clearing skating area | 525.00 |
| For Memorial Day | 460.00 |
| For winter sports | 100.00 |
| For open air concerts | 550.00 |
| For White Park ball grounds | 250.00 |
| For municipal tree | 75.00 |
| For incidentals and land damages | 12,500.00 |
| For care of trees | 4,500.00 |
| For printing and stationery | 6,500.00 |
| Repairs on buildings | 4,000.00 |
| For Fire Department, repairs | 1,500.00 |
| For repairs Police Department | 1,000.00 |
| For Concord Charity Organization | 350.00 |
| For Concord District Nursing Association | 350.00 |
| For Penacook District Nursing Association | 50.00 |
| For E. E. Sturtevant Post | 450.00 |
| For Board of Aldermen | 1,905.00 |
| | <hr/> |
| | \$72,046.17 |

BONDS.

| | |
|-------------------------------|-------------|
| For highway bonds | \$10,000.00 |
| For City Hall bonds | 10,000.00 |

CITY OF CONCORD.

| | |
|---|-------------|
| For bridge bonds | \$4,000.00 |
| For Soucook River project | 3,000.00 |
| For Soucook River notes, interest | 600.00 |
| | <hr/> |
| | \$27,600.00 |

DEPARTMENTS.

CITY HALL.

| | |
|--------------------|------------|
| Salaries | \$5,342.00 |
| Coal | 3,600.00 |
| Lights | 719.69 |
| | <hr/> |
| | \$9,661.69 |

CEMETERIES.

| | |
|------------------------|-------------|
| Blossom Hill | \$19,000.00 |
| Old North | 1,265.00 |
| Maple Grove | 650.00 |
| Pine Grove | 410.00 |
| Old Fort | 112.50 |
| Millville | 300.00 |
| Horse Hill | 20.00 |
| Woodlawn | 25.00 |
| Soucook | 30.00 |
| | <hr/> |
| | \$21,812.50 |

ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT.

| | |
|------------------------------------|------------|
| For salary of engineer | \$3,000.00 |
| For salary of assistants | 2,500.00 |
| For incidentals | 350.00 |
| | <hr/> |
| | \$5,850.00 |

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

| | |
|--|------------|
| Chief's salary | \$2,600.00 |
| For assistant chief's salary | 2,000.00 |
| For permanent men | 27,100.00 |
| For vacations | 974.00 |
| For semi-annual payroll | 10,245.00 |
| For house man | 100.00 |
| For rent Veterans' Association | 210.00 |
| For fuel | 2,800.00 |
| For lights | 850.00 |
| For incidentals | 5,200.00 |
| For horse hire | 1,000.00 |
| For new equipment | 500.00 |

RESOLUTIONS.

35

| | |
|---|-------------|
| For supplies—auto combination | \$400.00 |
| For laundry | 100.00 |
| For fire inspection | 630.00 |
| For fire alarm | 2,000.00 |
| For Penacook fire alarm | 500.00 |
| | <hr/> |
| | \$57,209.00 |
| For Ford truck | 650.00 |
| | <hr/> |
| | \$57,859.00 |

BOARD OF HEALTH.

| | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|
| For salary sanitary officer | \$2,000.00 |
| For fumigation supplies | 100.00 |
| For contagious diseases | 1,000.00 |
| For upkeep of automobile | 400.00 |
| For incidental expense | 1,500.00 |
| For table garbage | 5,200.00 |
| | <hr/> |
| | \$10,200.00 |

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.

| | |
|---------------------------|--------------|
| For maintenance | \$110,000.00 |
| For new work | 40,000.00 |
| For garbage | 22,000.00 |
| For sprinkling | 8,000.00 |
| For lighting | 28,200.00 |
| For sewers | 12,000.00 |
| | <hr/> |
| | \$220,200.00 |

POLICE AND WATCH.

| | |
|----------------------------------|-------------|
| For marshal | \$2,600.00 |
| For deputy | 2,200.00 |
| For captain | 2,000.00 |
| For sergeant | 1,950.00 |
| For officers' salaries | 27,230.00 |
| For motor officer | 900.00 |
| For traffic officer | 900.00 |
| For specials | 2,500.00 |
| For fuel | 1,300.00 |
| For lights | 350.00 |
| For autos | 1,200.00 |
| For incidentals | 2,750.00 |
| For exchange of auto | 875.00 |
| | <hr/> |
| | \$46,755.00 |

CITY OF CONCORD.

FOR PUBLIC LIBRARY.

Public Library \$10,758.22

SALARIES.

For mayor \$2,000.00
 For city clerk 1,700.00
 For clerk, board of public works 200.00
 For overseer of the poor 390.00
 For solicitor 800.00
 For treasurer 1,225.00
 For messenger 1,200.00
 For city physician 700.00
 For care of city clock 110.00
 For assessors 4,400.00
 For moderators and ward clerks 720.00
 For supervisors and inspectors of elections 2,064.00
 For judge of police court 1,200.00
 For clerk, police court 600.00
 For sealer weights and measures 720.00
 For collector of taxes 5,000.00

\$23,029.00

| | Estimated Receipts. | Estimated Expenditures. |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|
| Aid dependent soldiers | \$1,000.00 | \$1,000.00 |
| Aid county poor | 15,000.00 | 15,000.00 |
| State poll tax | 20,000.00 | 20,000.00 |

SECT. 2. There shall be raised and there is hereby ordered to be raised a tax of three and 50-100 dollars (\$3.50) on each thousand dollars of the value of the ratable estates taxable within said city for the support of the public school which, together with the income of the Abial Walker fund shall be appropriated and divided among the school districts according to the valuation thereof.

There shall also be raised a sum equal to two dollars (\$2.00) for each child residing in the city who was enrolled in the public schools in the last preceding school year.

SECT. 3. This resolution shall take effect upon its passage.

Passed April 14, 1924.

RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE ISSUE OF \$70,000 SERIAL BONDS FOR THE PERMANENT IMPROVEMENT OF CITY STREETS, HIGHWAYS, SIDEWALKS, ETC.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That pursuant to the Municipal Bonds Act of 1895 and the Laws of 1917, Chapter 129, the city treasurer is hereby authorized and directed

to issue seventy thousand dollars (\$70,000) serial bonds of the City of Concord for the purpose of constructing public improvements of a permanent nature, consisting of the construction or reconstruction of streets and highways and sidewalks within the city and the construction of a building for the Highway Department. The said bonds shall be coupon bonds, shall be dated May 15, 1924, shall be paid in ten equal annual payments, the first payment to become due one year from the date of the bonds, and shall bear such rate of interest and shall be payable at such place as shall be fixed by the city treasurer. The proceeds derived from the sale of the said bonds shall be expended under the supervision of the Board of Public Works.

Passed May 2, 1924.

RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE MAYOR TO SIGN A QUITCLAIM DEED FOR LAND SOLD TO THE CITY FOR TAXES.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That the mayor be authorized to execute a quitclaim deed for lot No. 3513-B, Sheet 52, Engineer's Map, sold to the city for taxes at a cost to include all taxes and costs against said property.

Passed May 2, 1924.

RESOLUTION APPROPRIATING MONEY FOR AN AUTOMOBILE FOR THE POLICE DEPARTMENT.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That the sum of five hundred fifty dollars (\$550) be, and the same hereby is, appropriated for the purchase of an automobile for the use of the Police Department, the same to be charged to the incidental account of said department.

Passed May 12, 1924.

RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE MAYOR TO SIGN A QUITCLAIM DEED FOR LAND SOLD TO THE CITY FOR TAXES.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That the mayor be authorized to execute a quitclaim deed for lot No. 4514, Map D, Engineer's Map and lot 8068 on the Assessors' Map, sold to the city for taxes at a cost to include all taxes and costs against said property.

Passed May 12, 1924.

RESOLUTION PROVIDING FOR A DISCOUNT ON TAXES.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That a discount of two per cent (2%) shall be allowed on all taxes assessed for the year 1924, which are paid within ten days from the date of the tax bills.

Passed June 9, 1924.

RESOLUTION APPROPRIATING MONEY FOR THE BAND CONCERT HELD JULY 4, 1924.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That the sum of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) be, and the same hereby is, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated for the band concert held July 4, 1924.

Passed July 14, 1924.

RESOLUTION IN FAVOR OF FRANK J. KELLY.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That the sum of one hundred ninety-nine dollars be and hereby is appropriated for the relief of Frank J. Kelly to reimburse him for services and expenses in connection with the funeral of one Gallagher who died as the result of injuries from being hit by a truck of the Police Department of the City of Concord while said truck was in the performance of the duties of said department. Said appropriation to be charged to the account of incidentals and land damages.

It is understood that the city by this appropriation does not admit any legal liability because of the injuries to or the death of the said Gallagher nor any legal liability to any person or persons growing out of same, but that this appropriation is for the relief of the said Kelly and not otherwise.

Passed July 14, 1924.

RESOLUTION RELATING TO THE ESTATE OF HORACE B. BARTLETT.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That the city solicitor be authorized to co-operate with counsel for the estate of Horace B. Bartlett to the intent that the city may enjoy the full benefit of the residuary bequest made to the city in the will of the said Horace B. Bartlett.

Passed July 14, 1924.

RESOLUTION APPROPRIATING MONEY TO PAY TAXES ASSESSED IN 1923 ON
REAL ESTATE SOLD TO THE CITY OF CONCORD IN 1920 FOR 1919 TAXES.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

SECTION 1. That the sum of ninety-eight dollars and nine cents (\$98.09) be, and the same is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to pay taxes assessed in 1923 on real estate sold to the city in 1920 for 1919 taxes.

SECT. 2. That the city treasurer is hereby authorized to pay to the collector of taxes said amount of ninety-eight dollars and nine cents (\$98.09).

SECT. 3. This resolution shall take effect on its passage.

Passed July 14, 1924.

RESOLUTION APPROPRIATING MONEY TO PAY TAXES ASSESSED IN 1923
ON REAL ESTATE SOLD TO THE CITY OF CONCORD IN 1921 FOR 1920
TAXES.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

SECTION 1. That the sum of one hundred ninety-five and 49-100 dollars (\$195.49) be, and the same is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to pay taxes assessed in 1923 on real estate sold to the city in 1921 for 1920 taxes.

SECT. 2. That the city treasurer is hereby authorized to pay to the collector of taxes, said amount of one hundred ninety-five and 49-100 dollars (\$195.49).

SECT. 3. This resolution shall take effect on its passage.

Passed July 14, 1924.

RESOLUTION APPROPRIATING MONEY TO PAY TAXES ASSESSED IN 1923
ON REAL ESTATE SOLD TO THE CITY OF CONCORD IN 1922 FOR 1921
TAXES.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

SECTION 1. That the sum of three hundred eighty-eight and 38-100 dollars (\$388.38) be, and the same is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to pay taxes assessed in 1923 on real estate sold to the city in 1922 for 1921 taxes.

SECT. 2. That the city treasurer is hereby authorized to pay to the collector of taxes said amount of three hundred eighty-eight and 38-100 dollars (\$388.38).

SECT. 3. This resolution shall take effect on its passage.

Passed July 14, 1924.

RESOLUTION APPROPRIATING MONEY TO PAY TAXES ASSESSED IN 1923 ON
REAL ESTATE SOLD TO THE CITY OF CONCORD IN 1923 FOR 1922 TAXES.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

SECTION 1. That the sum of eighty and 74-100 dollars (\$80.74) be, and the same is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to pay taxes assessed in 1923 on real estate sold to the city in 1923 for 1922 taxes.

SECT. 2. That the city treasurer is hereby authorized to pay to the collector of taxes said amount of eighty and 74-100 dollars.

SECT. 3. This resolution shall take effect on its passage.

Passed July 14, 1924.

RESOLUTION APPROPRIATING EIGHTEEN HUNDRED THIRTY-ONE AND
47-100 DOLLARS (\$1,831.47) TO PAY FOR REAL ESTATE SOLD TO THE
CITY OF CONCORD FOR UNPAID TAXES FOR THE YEAR 1923.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That the sum of eighteen hundred thirty-one and 47-100 dollars be and the same hereby is, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to pay the amount due to the City of Concord for real estate purchased at the tax collector's sale of real estate for the unpaid taxes for the year 1923.

Passed July 14, 1924.

RESOLUTION APPROPRIATING MONEY FOR INTEREST, TEMPORARY LOAN,
ACCOUNT.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That the sum of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) be, and the same is, hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the account, Interest Temporary Loan.

Passed August 11, 1924.

RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE MAYOR TO SIGN A QUITCLAIM DEED FOR
LAND SOLD TO THE CITY FOR TAXES.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That the mayor be authorized to execute a quitclaim deed for lot No. 1235, Ward Four, Engineer's and Assessors' Maps sold to the city for taxes, at a cost to include all taxes and costs against said property.

Passed August 11, 1924.

RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE MAYOR TO DEED CERTAIN PROPERTY.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That the mayor be and hereby is authorized to give a quitclaim deed in the name of the City of Concord covering all of the city's interest in Lot No. 4371, Map C, Ward 8, Assessor's Map, for the sum to include all taxes, interest and costs due thereon.

Passed August 11, 1924.

RESOLUTION IN RELATION TO A TEMPORARY LOAN NOT EXCEEDING \$75,000.00.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That in addition to the temporary loans already authorized the Committee on Finance is hereby authorized to borrow on the credit of the city the sum not to exceed seventy-five thousand dollars (\$75,000.00) for expenses in anticipation of taxes for the Municipal Year 1924, and to issue notes of the city therefore, upon such terms and for such amounts as the committee shall determine, the said loan to be payable from the taxes for the said municipal year; and the said Committee on Finance is hereby authorized to refund all or any of the said notes at their maturity, provided, however, that the refunding notes shall be payable within one year after the date of the incurrence of the debt represented by the notes refunded.

Passed August 11, 1924.

RESOLUTION APPROPRIATING THE SUM OF ONE HUNDRED FIFTY DOLLARS FOR PLAYGROUNDS AND BATHS.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That the sum of one hundred fifty dollars (\$150.00) be, and the same hereby is, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for playgrounds and baths.

Passed September 8, 1924.

RESOLUTION RELATIVE TO OPENING POLLS ON ELECTION DAY.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

In the election to be held Tuesday, November 4, 1924, the polls in the several wards of the City of Concord shall be opened at seven o'clock in the forenoon.

Passed October 13, 1924.

RESOLUTION APPROPRIATING THE SUM OF FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS FOR LIGHTS, CITY HALL.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That the sum of five hundred dollars (\$500) be, and the same hereby is, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for lights, city hall.

Passed October 13, 1924.

RESOLUTION APPROPRIATING THE SUM OF TWELVE HUNDRED DOLLARS FOR CITY POOR.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That the sum of twelve hundred dollars (\$1,200) be, and the same hereby is, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for city poor.

Passed October 13, 1924.

RESOLUTION APPROPRIATING THE SUM OF TWELVE HUNDRED DOLLARS FOR PRINTING AND STATIONERY.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That the sum of twelve hundred dollars (\$1,200) be, and the same hereby is, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for printing and stationery.

Passed October 13, 1924.

RESOLUTION ACCEPTING THE GIFT OF THE MEMORIAL TO CAPTAIN EBENEZER EASTMAN.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That the City accept the gift from the Eastman Association of the lot of land with the Concord Granite monument thereon erected in Ward 2 to the memory of Captain Ebenezer Eastman, the first settler in Concord, and further accept the conditions of the said gift as specified in the vote of the Eastman Association passed April 17, 1924, all as referred to in the offer of the committee for the Eastman Association dated October 6, 1924.

Passed October 13, 1924.

RESOLUTION APPROPRIATING MONEY FOR MAPLE GROVE CEMETERY.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That the sum of seventy-five dollars (\$75.00) be, and the same hereby is, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for Maple Grove Cemetery.

Passed November 10, 1924.

RESOLUTION RECOMMENDING THE APPOINTMENT OF A BAIL COMMISSIONER.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That the Superior Court of Merrimack County be and hereby is petitioned to appoint Peter J. King of Concord, N. H., as a bail commissioner.

Passed November 10, 1924.

RESOLUTION APPROPRIATING MONEY TO REIMBURSE FRED A. LANE FOR TAXES ERRONEOUSLY ASSESSED IN 1923.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That the sum of twenty-six and 6-100 dollars (\$26.06) be, and the same hereby is, appropriated to reimburse Fred A. Lane for taxes erroneously assessed in the year 1923. Said sum to be charged to the account of incidentals and land damages.

Passed November 14, 1924.

RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING ALDERMAN WASHBURN TO PROCURE AN OPTION ON PROPERTY OWNED BY MRS. CALEB LITTLE.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That a sum not to exceed ninety-nine dollars (\$99.00) be, and hereby is, appropriated to procure an option on a piece of property south of Ferry Street owned by Mrs. Caleb Little. Said sum to be expended by Alderman Washburn and charged to the account of incidentals and land damages.

Passed November 14, 1924.

RESOLUTION APPROPRIATING MONEY FOR SALARY, TAX COLLECTOR.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That the sum of seven hundred dollars (\$700) be, and the same hereby is, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated for salary, tax collector.

Passed December 8, 1924.

RESOLUTION APPROPRIATING MONEY FOR MUNICIPAL CHRISTMAS TREE.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That the sum of fifty dollars (\$50) be, and hereby is, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated for a municipal Christmas tree to be expended by a special committee to be appointed by the mayor.

Passed December 8, 1924.

RESOLUTION APPROPRIATING THE SUM OF TWO HUNDRED FIFTY-SIX AND 73-100 DOLLARS FOR PRINTING AND STATIONERY.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That the sum of two hundred fifty-six and 73-100 dollars (\$256.73) be, and the same hereby is, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for printing and stationery.

Passed December 8, 1924.

RESOLUTION APPROPRIATING MONEY TO INSTALL ELECTRIC LIGHTS AT WHITE PARK.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That the sum of three hundred dollars (\$300) be, and hereby is, appropriated to install three electric lights at White Park for the better lighting of the park for winter sports. Said sum to be charged to the account of incidentals and land damages.

Passed December 8, 1924.

RESOLUTION TRANSFERRING MONEY FROM THE APPROPRIATION FOR PUBLIC LIBRARY TO THE PRINCIPAL OF THE EASTMAN LIBRARY FUND.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

SECTION 1. That the sum of fourteen hundred eighty dollars (\$1,480.00) of the appropriation for Public Library, be and hereby is, transferred to the principal of the Eastman Library Fund.

SECT. 2. This resolution shall take effect upon its passage.

Passed December 29, 1924.

RESOLUTION APPROPRIATING MONEY FOR DEFICIENCIES IN THE SEVERAL DEPARTMENTS.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

SECTION 1. That the sum of twenty-three hundred ninety-three and 97-100 dollars (\$2,393.97) be, and hereby is, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to pay outstanding claims as follows:

| | |
|--------------------------------------|----------|
| City poor | \$37.77 |
| Dependent soldiers, county | 16.92 |
| Interest on bonds | 1,562.50 |
| Lighting streets | 358.43 |

RESOLUTIONS.

45

| | |
|-----------------------------------|------------|
| Old North Cemetery | \$0.37 |
| Pine Grove Cemetery | 21.47 |
| Printing and stationery | 155.11 |
| Table garbage | 214.22 |
| White Park ball ground | 27.18 |
| | <hr/> |
| | \$2,393.97 |

SECT. 2. That there be transferred to the appropriation for garbage for the year 1924, the sum of two hundred eighty-one and 8-100 dollars (\$281.08), the same being the earnings of this department.

SECT. 3. That there be transferred to the appropriation for roads and bridges for the year 1924, the sum of eighty-six hundred twenty-one and 64-100 dollars (\$8,621.64), the same being the earnings of this department.

SECT. 4. That there be transferred to the appropriation for sewers for the year 1924, the sum of seven hundred eighteen and 32-100 dollars (\$718.32), the same being the earnings of this department.

SECT. 5. That there be transferred to the appropriation for sprinkling for the year 1924, the sum of two hundred twelve and 67-100 dollars (\$212.67), the same being the earnings of this department.

SECT. 6. That there be transferred to the appropriation for trees for the year 1924, the sum of one hundred thirty and 88-100 dollars (\$130.88), the same being the earnings of this department.

SECT. 7. This resolution shall take effect upon its passage.

Passed January 12, 1925.

RESOLUTION IN RELATION TO A TEMPORARY LOAN NOT EXCEEDING FOUR HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS (\$400,000).

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That the Committee on Finance is hereby authorized to borrow on the credit of the city the sum not to exceed four hundred thousand dollars (\$400,000), for expenses in anticipation of taxes for the municipal year 1925 and to issue notes of the city therefor upon such terms and for such amounts as the committee shall determine. The said loan is to be payable from the taxes for the said municipal year, and the said Committee on Finance is hereby authorized to refund all or any of the said notes at their maturity; provided, however, that the refunding notes shall be payable within one year after the date of the incurrence of the debt represented by the note or notes refunded.

Passed January 12, 1925.

RESOLUTION ASKING FOR SEALED PROPOSALS FOR PRINTING AND BINDING
THE ANNUAL CITY REPORT.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Concord, as follows:

That the city clerk be, and hereby is, instructed to ask for sealed proposals for printing and binding the City Reports for the year 1924 and submit the same to the Finance Committee, who shall have full power to act in the matter.

Passed January 12, 1925.

CITY GOVERNMENT, 1924.

Inaugurated fourth Tuesday in January, 1924.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

MAYOR.

Salary, \$2,000 per annum.

HON. WILLIS H. FLINT.

Office: City Hall, Room 4.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Aldermen-at-Large, salary, \$200 per annum. Ward Aldermen, salary, \$75 per annum with additional \$10 to each member of the Committee on Accounts and Claims.

Aldermen-at-Large.

TERM EXPIRES JANUARY, 1926.

| | |
|-------------------|------------------------|
| ROBERT W. BROWN, | 3 Cambridge Street |
| RICHARD A. BROWN, | 55 Jackson Street |
| FRANK R. STRONG, | 16 South Spring Street |

TERM EXPIRES JANUARY, 1928.

| | |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| HARRY C. BRUNEL, | 8 Morton Street |
| OLIN H. CHASE, | 61 Rumford Street |
| WILLIAM L. STEVENS, | 84 School Street |

Ward Aldermen.

Ward 1—HARRY F. JONES, Penacook
Ward 2—CLARENCE I. TEBBETTS, East Concord
Ward 3—OTTO ANDERSON, West Concord
Ward 4—GEORGE G. PRESCOTT, 42 No. State Street
Ward 5—CLARENCE J. WASHBURN, 57 Center Street
Ward 6—LEVI L. HEATH, 16 South State Street
Ward 7—CHARLES J. McKEE, 7 Badger Street
Ward 8—ADOLPHE BOISVERT, 93 So. Main Street
Ward 9—JAMES McGUIRE, JR., 212 No. State Street

CITY CLERK.

Elected biennially in January by Board of Aldermen. Salary, \$1,700 per annum.

ARTHUR E. ROBY.

Office: City Hall, Room 3.

BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS.

WILLIS H. FLINT, MAYOR, *ex-officio*.

| | |
|---------------------|----------------------------|
| ROBERT W. BROWN, | Term expires January, 1926 |
| RICHARD A. BROWN, | “ “ “ 1926 |
| FRANK R. STRONG, | “ “ “ 1926 |
| HARRY C. BRUNEL, | “ “ “ 1928 |
| OLIN H. CHASE, | “ “ “ 1928 |
| WILLIAM L. STEVENS, | “ “ “ 1928 |

STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

On Accounts and Claims—

Aldermen Prescott, Heath, Brunel.

On Bills, Second Reading—

Aldermen Stevens, Chase, Anderson.

On Elections and Returns—

Aldermen Boisvert, R. W. Brown, Jones.

On Engrossed Ordinances—

Aldermen Anderson, Tebbetts, R. W. Brown.

On Finance—

Mayor, Aldermen R. A. Brown, Stevens, Chase, Washburn.

On Fire Department—

Aldermen Strong, McGuire, Jones.

On Lands and Buildings—

Aldermen R. A. Brown, McKee, Heath.

On Police and License—

Aldermen Brunel, Boisvert, McKee.

On Public Instruction—

Aldermen McGuire, Tebbetts, Prescott.

*Committee on Playgrounds and Bath—*Aldermen Washburn, Brunel, McGuire, Jones, Tebbetts,
Miss Mary Saltmarsh, Mrs. Cora Sullivan, Miss Elsie
L. Johnson, Richard T. Smith.

CITY TREASURER.

Elected biennially in January by Board of Aldermen. Bond to the acceptance of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen. Salary, \$1,200 per annum, and \$25 as Treasurer of Cemeteries.

CARL H. FOSTER.

Office: First National Bank.

CITY ENGINEER.

Elected biennially in January by Board of Aldermen. Salary, \$3,000 per annum.

FRED W. LANG.

Office: City Hall.

CITY MESSENGER.

Elected biennially in January by Board of Aldermen. Salary, \$1,200 per annum.

EDWARD M. PROCTOR.

COLLECTOR OF TAXES.

Elected annually in January by Board of Aldermen. Bond within six days to satisfaction of the board. Salary, one-half of one per centum upon the first \$100,000; three-fourths of one per centum upon all sums over \$100,000.

WOODBURY E. HUNT.

Office: City Hall.

ASSESSORS.

Salary, \$1,200 per annum. Clerk, \$2,000 per annum.
Office: Room 5, City Hall.

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|---|---|---|----------------------------|
| JOSEPH E. SHEPARD, Chairman, | | | | Term expires January, 1928 |
| JAMES H. MORRIS, Clerk, | “ | “ | “ | 1926 |
| MICHAEL H. DONOVAN, | “ | “ | “ | 1930 |

SUPERINTENDENT OF STREETS.

Appointed by Board of Public Works. Term, unlimited. Bond, \$1,000.
Salary, \$3,500.

ORRIN W. HEAD.

Office: City Hall.

**SANITARY OFFICER AND INSPECTOR OF
PLUMBING.**

Elected biennially in January by Board of Aldermen. Salary, \$2,000 per annum.

CHARLES E. PALMER.

Office: City Hall.